Testing new antibiotics, syntomycin and albomycin in experimental syphilis. Vest.ven.i derm. no.5:53-54 S=0 !53. (MLRA 6:12) 1. Iz mikologicheskogo otdela TgKVI. (Antibiotics) (Syphilis)

"Movocillin in the treatment of syphilis patients." Naval Medical Academy. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertations for the Degree of Candidate in Medical Science)

So: Knizhaya letopis', No. 16, 1956

COUNTRY : CATEGORY :	USSR V Pharmacology and Toxicology. Ganglionic Blocking Agents RZhBiol., No. 5 1959, No. 23097	
AUTHOR : INST. : TITLE : ORIG. PUB. :	Smelov, N. S.; Malykin, R. Ya.; Laptev, V. A.;* On the Therapeutic Effectiveness of a New Domestic Ganglionic Blocking Preparation, Nanofin, in the Treatment of Patients with Eczema and Sov. meditsina, 1957, No 7, 22-27	
ABSTRACT :	The authors carried out the treatment of 62 patients affected with eczema and neurodermatitis with nanofin (hydrochloride of 2,6-dimethylpiperidine). As a result of the treatment, clinical improvement occurred in a majority of patients. Disappearance of hyperesthesia of the	
	"Khrunova, A. P. ""Neurodermatitis	
Card: Alephay	1/2 Dermetology + Dept. Pathophypiology Cent. Sci Res. X	ken- Inst.

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SMELOV, M.S., prof., MALYKIE, R.Ya., prof., EHRUNOVA, A.P., kand.med.nauk, ZERTSALOVA, G.M.

Electronarcosis in treatment of ecsema and neurodermatitis.
Sov.med. 22 no.9:92-98 S'58 (MIRA 11:11)

1. Is TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo kozhno-venerologicheskogo instituta (dir. -kand.med.nauk M.M. Turanov) Ministerstov zdravo-okhraneniya REFSE.
(ELECTRUMARCOSIS, ther. of ecsema & neurodermatitis (Rus))
(ECZEMA, ther. electronarcosis (Rus))
(MEURODERMATITIS, ther. same (Rus))
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MALYKIN, R.Ya., prof. [deceased]; KHRUNOVA, A.P., kand.med.nauk; IYEVLEVA, Ye.A., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Some physiological mechanisms of the activity of ganglion-blocking preparations and of electronarcosis on the functional state of the skin; experimental investigations. Vest.derm.i ven. 33 no.5:18-24 S-0 59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Iz otdela patofiziologii (zaveduyushchiy - prof. R. Ta. Malykin) TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo kozhno-venerologicheskogo instituta (direktor - kand. med. nauk N. M. Turanov) Ministerstva zdra-vookhraneniya RSFSR.

(SKIN physiol.)
(AUTONOMIC DHUGS pharmacol.)
(ELECTROMARCOSIS eff.)

Functional disorders of the nervous system in patients with lupus erythematosus. Vest.derm.i ven. 35 no.328-11 Mr '61. 1. Iz otdela patofiziologii (zav. - prof. R. Ia. Falykin [deceased], konsul'tant - doktor med.nauk Ye.Kh. Genyushina) i otdela dermato-logii (zav. - prof. N.S. Smelov) TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledo-vatel skogo kozhno-venerologicheskogo instituta (dir. - dotsent N.M. Turanov) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya REFSR. (GEREBRAL CORTEX) (LUPUS)

ROZENTUL', M.A., prof.; STUDNITSIN, A.A., prof.; MASLOV. P.Ye., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; RAKHMALEVICH, Ye.M., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KHAMAGANOVA, A.V., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; IVANOVA, N.K., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KHRUNOVA, A.P., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; BEL'YAKOVA, A.G., vrach; ZATURENSKAYA, P.I., vrach

Pathogenesis and treatment of eczema and neurodermatitis in children. Vest.derm.i ven. no.12:3-8 '61. (MIRA 15:1)

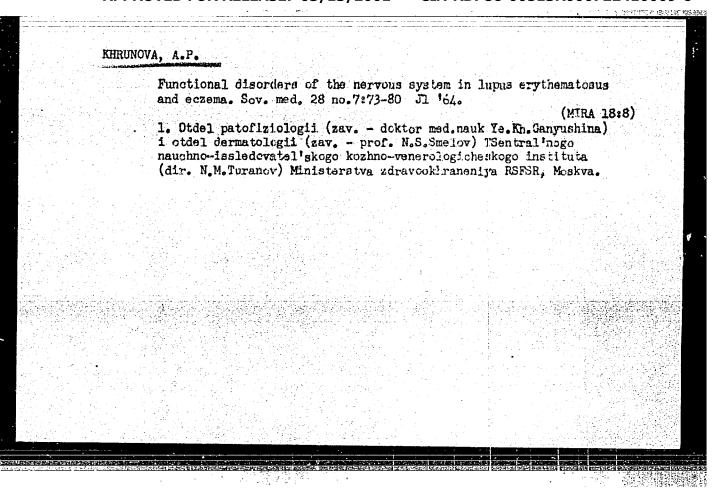
1. Iz TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo kozhno-venerologicheskogo instituta (dir. - kand.med.nauk N.M. Turanov) i iz Bol'nitsy imeni Korolenko (glavnyy vrach A.I. Pustovaya). 2. Bol'nitsa imeni Korolenko (for Bel'yakova i Zaturenskaya). (ECZEMA) (SKIN--DISEASES)

KHRUNOVA, A.P.; ANGELOVA, V.S.

Functional changes in higher regions of the brain in allergic skin reactions in sensitized animals; based on electroencephalographic data. Vest. derm. i ven. 37 no.5:7-13 My 163.

(MIRA 17:5)

1. Otdel patofiziologii (zav. - prof. P.M. Zalkan) TSentral'nogo kozhno-venerologicheskogo instituta (dir. - dotsent N.M. Turanov) Ministerstva zdravookhrananeya RSFSR i laboratoriya elektrofiziologii (zav. - prof. M.N. Livanov) Instituta vysshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti (dir. - prof. E.A. Asratyan) AN SSSR.

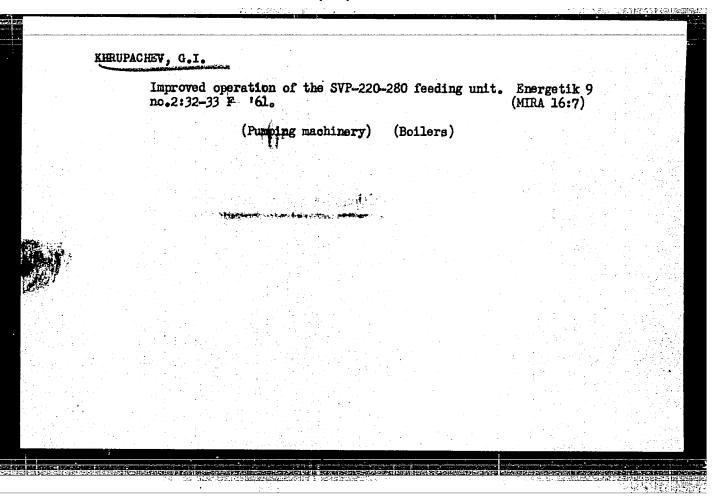


SHUGAL, Ye.G.; RYABOY, O.M.; BOCHAROVA, T.V.; KISLYAK, L.M.,; KOBEL'KOVA, A.M.; LYKOV, A.D.; MANTAKHINA, O.V.; SHLENOVA, T.G.; YAGUPOVA, Ye.I.; IVANOV, N.A.; RYBKIN, I.P.; KHOKHLOVA, P.Te.; KHRUFTYAYWA, A.S.; FROLOVA, M.I.; RAKOV, F.M., red.; MARCHENKO, V.A., red.; KOLPAKOV, B.T., red.; DEMINA, V.N., red.; MELENT'YEV, A.M., tekhn. red.

[Soviet commerce of the R.S.F.S.R.; a statistical manual] Sovetskaia torgovlia v RSFSR; statisticheskii sbornik, Moskva, Gos. stat. isd-vo, 1956. 342 p. (MIRA 11:10)

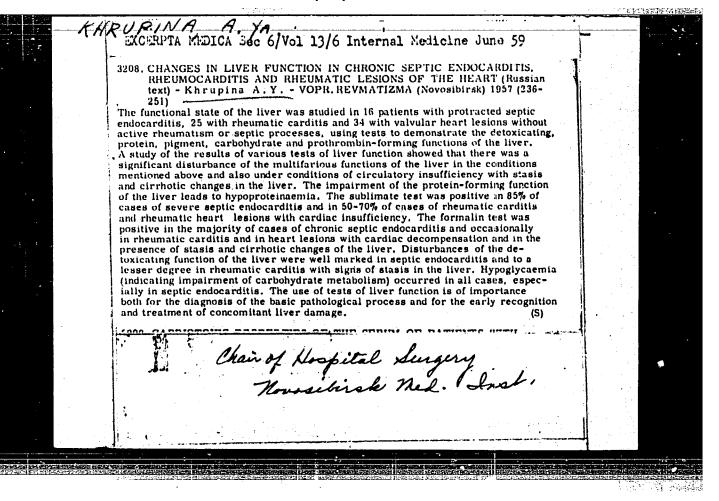
1. Russia (1917- R.S.F.S.R.) TSentral nove statisticheskoye upravleniye.

(Commercial statistics)



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722410009-6



CHERNE, Khaim Isaakovich; KHRUPOV, P.G., otv. red.; VIZIROVA, V.V., red.; MARKOCH, K.G., tekhn. red.

[Inductive couplings and transformations in electric filters; principal theoretical problems] Induktivnye sviazi i transformatsii v elektricheskikh fil'trakh; osnovnye voprosy teorii. Moskva, Sviaz'izdat, 1962. 315 p. (MIRA 15:8) (Electric filters)

KHRUPPA, I. F.

KHRUPPA, I. F. -- "Experience in Irrigating Alfalfa in the Omsk Region (Based on Material from the Author's Field Experiments)." Author's abstract of a dissertation submitted at the Omsk Agricultural Instimeni S. M. Kirov. Omsk, 1955. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Sciences)

SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No 1, 1956

KHAKITA, LF

· AFANAS'YEVA, A.L., kand. biol. nauk: BAYERTUYEV, A.A., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; BAL'CHUGOV, A.V., kand.sel'skokhozysystvennykh nauk; BELOZEROVA, N.A., agronom; BELOZOROV, A.T., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk: MAKSIMHIKO, V.P., agronom: BERNIKOV, V.V.; doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; BOGOMYAGKOV, S.T., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; VOLYNETS, O.S., agronom; BODROV, M.S., kand.sel akokhozyaystvennykh nauk; BOGOSIAVSKIY, V.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; KHRUPPA. I.F., kand.tekhn.neuk; VMRNMR, A.R., doktor biol.neuk; VOZBUTSKAYA, A.Ye., kand.sel skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; VOINOV, P.A., kand.sel skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; VYSOKOS, G.P., kand.biol.nauk; GAIDIN, M.V., inzhenermekhanik: GERASIMOV, S.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; GORSHENIN, K.P., doktor sel'skokhozysystvennykh nauk; YELEMEV. A.V., inzhener-mekhanik; GHRASKEVICH, S.V., mekhanik [decessed]; ZHARIKOVA, L.D., kand.sel'skokhozysystvennykh nauk; ZHEGALOV, I.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; ZIMINA, Ye.A., agronom; BARANOV, V.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; PAVIOV, V.D.; IVANOV, V.K., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KAPIAN. S.M., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KATIN-YARTSEV, L.V., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KOPYRIN, V.I., doktor sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KOCHERGIN, A.Ye., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KOZHEVNIKOV, A.R., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; KUZNETSOV, I.N., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; IAMBIN, A.Z., doktor biol.nauk; LEONT'YEV, S.I., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk: MAYBCRODA, N.M., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; MAKAROVA, G.I., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; MEL'NIKOV, G.A., inshener; ZHDANOV, B.A., kand.sel'skokhozyay-stvennykh nauk; MIKHAYLENKO, M.A., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; MAGILEVTSEVA, N.A., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk;

(Continued on next card)

AFANAS'YEVA, A.L... (continued) Card 2. HIKIFOROV, P.Ye., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; MENASHEV, N.I., lesovod; PERVUSHINA, A.M., agronom; PLOTHIKOV, N.A., kand.biol.nauk; L.G.; kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; PAVLOV, V.D., kand.tekhn. nauk; PRUTSKOVA, M.G., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh mauk; GURCHENKO, V.S., agronom; POPOVA, G.I., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykm nauk; PORTYANKO, A.F., agronom; RUCHKIN, V.N., prof.; RUSHKOVSKIY, T.V. agronom; SAVITSKIY, M.S., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; BOLDIN, D.T., agronom; NESTEROVA, A.V., agronom; SERAFIMOVICH, L.B., kend. tekhn.nauk; SMIRHOV, I.W., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; SERMBRYANSKAYA, P.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; TOKHTUYAV, A.V., kand. sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; FAL'KO, O.S., iznh.; FEDYUSHIN, A.V., doktor biol.nauk; SHEVLYAGIN, A.I., kand.sel'skokhozysystvennykh nauk; YUFEROV, V.A., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; YAKETEHFEL'D, P.A., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk; SEMENOVSKIY, A.A., red.; GOR'KOVA. Z.D., tekhn.red.

[Handbook for Siberian agriculturists] Spravochnaia kniga agronoma Sibiri. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo sel'khoz. lit-ry. Vol.1. 1957. 964 p. (Siberia--Agriculture) (MIRA 11:2)

BOGUSLAVSKIY, Viktor Petrovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; DAVYDOV, Andrey Dmitriyevich; KHRUPPA, Ivan Fedorovich; PETROV, I.F., red.; MEL'NIKOV, V.I., tekhn. red.

[Irrigation of vegetable crops in suburban zones] Oroshenie ovoshchnykh kul'tur vprigorodnoi zone. Omsk, Omskoe knizhnos izd-vo, 1960. 67 p. (MIRA 14:12)

(Vegetables-Irrigation)

KHRUSANOV, G.

"At the Agricultural Exhibition in Lublin." p. 36, (KOOPERATIVNO ZEMEDELIE, Vol. 9, No. 9, 1954, Sofiya, Bulgaria)

SO: Monthly List of European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4 No. 5, May 1955, Uncl.

KHIDEKEL', M.L., RAZUVAYEV, G.A., NOVIKOVA, Ye.I., SMIRKOVA, L.A.,

KHRUSHCH, A.F.

Interaction of 2,4,6-triphenyl-1-phenoxyl with solvents.

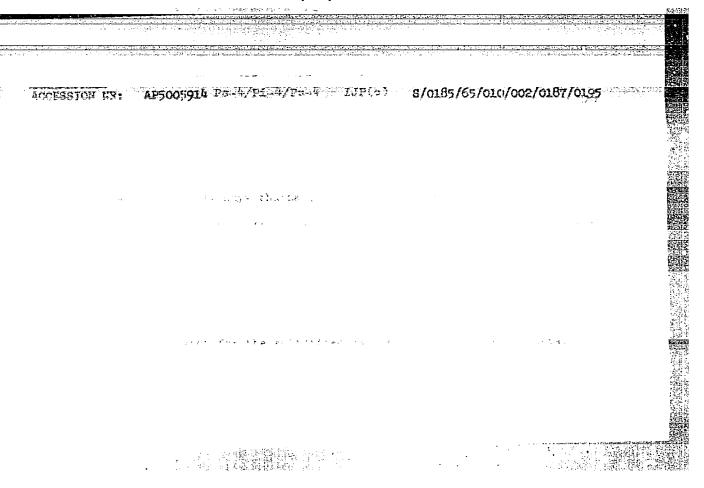
Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. khim. no.8:1530-1532 Ag '64.

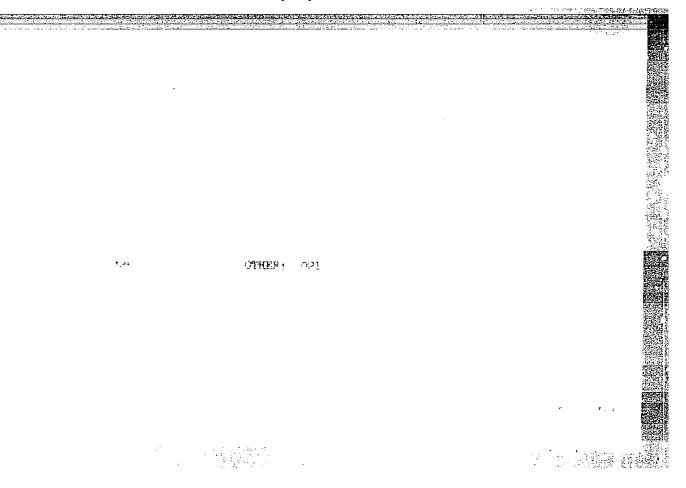
(MIRA 17:9)

1. Institut khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR 1 Gor'kovskty
gosudarstvennyy universitet im. N.I. Lo'achevskogo.

L 45934-66 EWT(m)/EWP(j) SOURCE CODE: UR/0058/66/000/003/D058/D058 ACC NR: AR6023270 65 AUTHOR: Fugol', I. Ya.; Khrushch, B. I.; Zaytsev, V. S. B TITLE: Procedure for spectral investigations of condensed gases in the region of the vacuum ultraviolet at low temperatures (77K) SOURCE: Ref zh. Fizika, Abs. 3D489 REF. SOURCE: Tr. Komis. po spektroskopii. AN SSSR, t. 3, vyp. 1, 1964, 384-392 TOPIC TAGS: uv spectrum, absorption spectrum, gas discharge spectroscopy, low temperature research, methane, xenon ABSTRACT: A high resolution procedure is developed for the investigation of the spectra of frozen gases. Powerful pulsed sources of the continuous spectrum have been developed, of the Lyman discharge type, and also sources of intense line spectra, i namely a condensed spark discharge or a gliding spark. A special cryostat was constructed for low-temperature measurement in a vacuum spectrograph. In the 2,000 --1200 A region at 77 K, the spectra of thin films of methane and xenon, deposited on a 1/2

substrate gases in	e, were investigated. The results are compared with the absorption of the vacuum ultraviolet. [Translation of abstract]	f the
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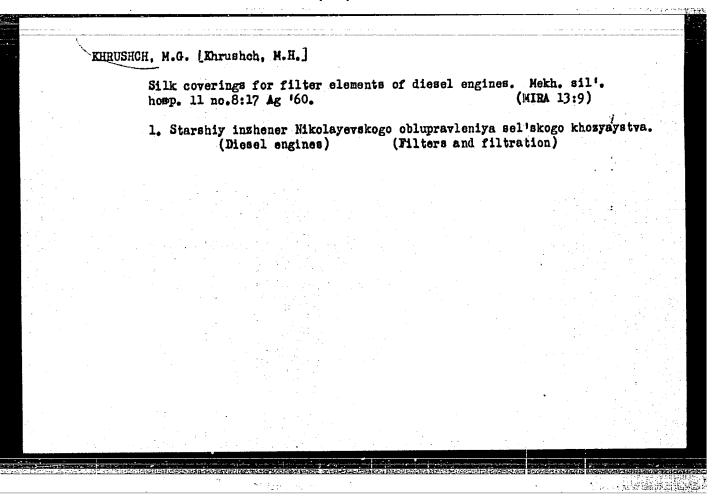


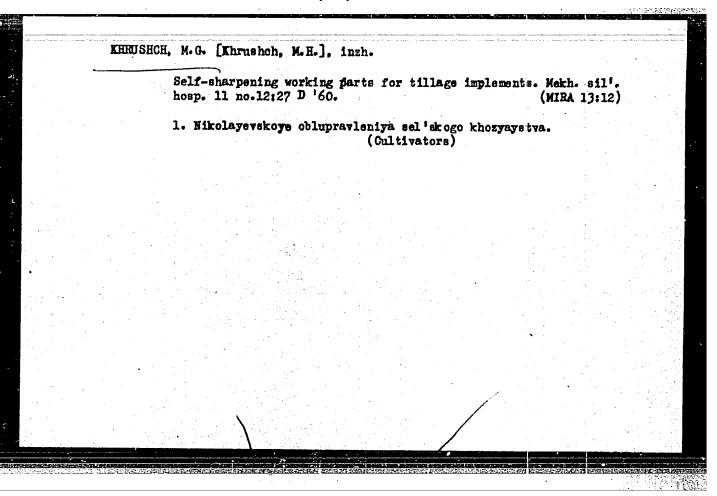
DUEL', M.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; MAR'YENKO, A.F., inzh.; KHRUSHCH, L.M., inzh.

Determination of dynamic characteristics of single-phase heating sections of a boiler unit in a nonsteady mode of operation.

Teploenergetika 12 no.1:87-89 Ja 165. (MIRA 18 4)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut kompleksnoy avtomatizatsii.

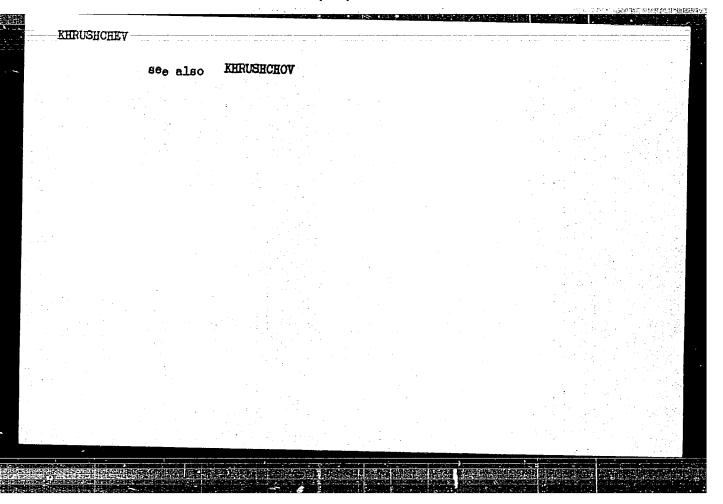




KHRUSHCH, M.G. [Khrushch, M.H.], starshiy inzh.

Golden hands of Bohdan Kalynych. Mekh. sil!. hosp. 12 no. 1:6-8
Ja '61. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Otdel mekhanizatsii Nikolayevskogo oblsel'khozupravleniya. (Electricity in agriculture)



Fulfilling the mandate. Sov.shakht.	no.2:13 F '62.
1. Predsedatel' uchastkovogo komiteta No.22 tresta Shchekinugol', Tul'skoy, ob (Trade unions)	(MIRA 15:1) profsoyuza, shakhta plasti. (Coal miners)
Bijlis	

VEKLENKO, A.F.; SPASSKIY, K.S.; KHHUSHCHEV. A.A.

New stationary motion-picture projector for the showing of narrow-width films. Trudy NIKFI no.7:199-207 47. (MIRA 11:6)

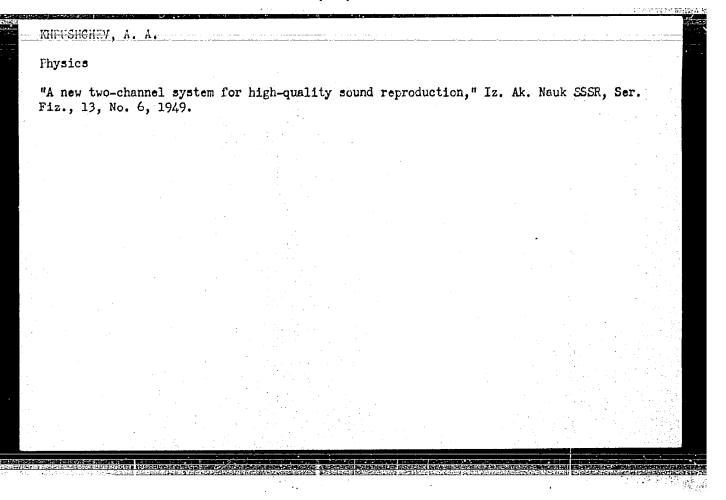
1. Laboratoriya zvukovosproizvedeniya Nauchno-issledovatel skogo kino-foto-instituta, Moskva.

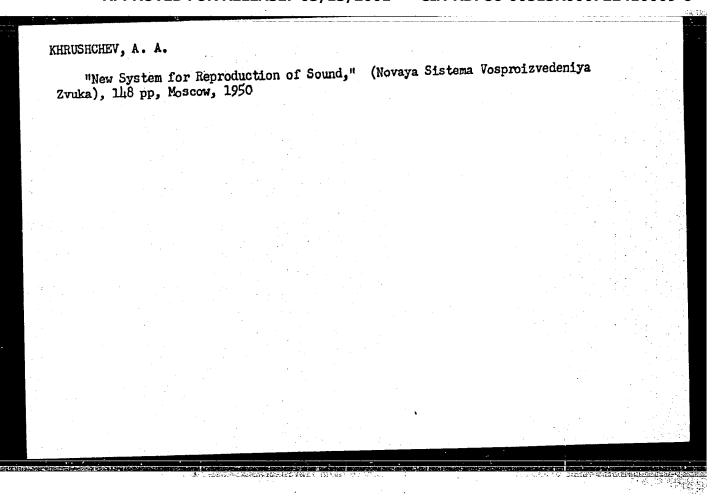
(Motion-picture projection-Aquipment and supplies)

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KHRUSHCHEV. A.							
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Combination m	noving picture	and radio	installation.	Kinomekhanil	c, no.8, 19	52	
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Monthly List	of Russian A	ccessions, I	ibrary of Con	gress, Novemb	er 1952, U	CLASSIFIE	f (10) (10) D (10) (10) T (4)

KHRUSHCHEV, A. A.

Jul 53

USSR/Electronics - Wired-Radio Stations
Motion-Picture Projectors

"The Combined Motion Picture-Radio Installation SKRU-100," A. Khrushchev, Stalin Prize Winner

Radio, No 7, pp 16-22

The SKRU-100 combined motion-picture projector and wired-radio center was developed in the All-Union Sci-Res Cinematograph Inst. The Samarkand Motion-Picture Equipment Plant is now developing a commercial model with total amplifier power of 100 w. Installation is designed to furnish motion pictures for 290-250 persons and wired-radio service for 400-500 points.

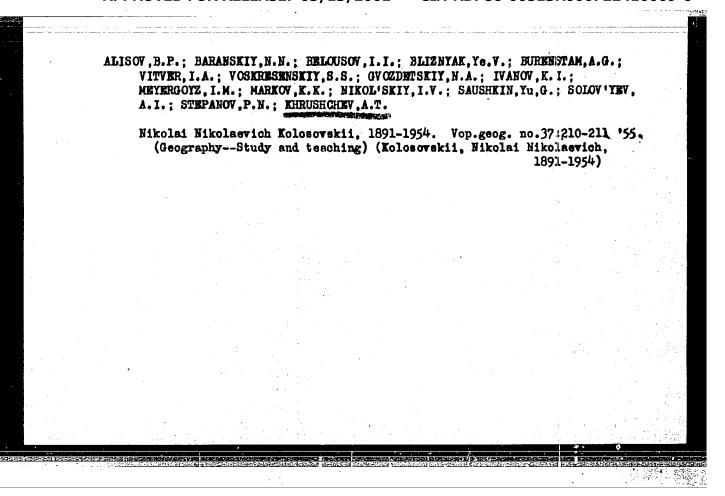
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KHRUSHCHEV, A. A.		
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"CompleX System of Palace."	Sound and Cine Technical Equ	nipment for the Kremlin Congress
report presented at the Moscow, 1-4 Oct 62	5th Congress, Intl. Union of	Cinematography Techniques (UNIATEC)

KHIDEKEL!, M.L.; KHRUSHCH, A.P.; BALANDIN, A.A., akademik

Correlation equations for some catalytic reactions. Dokl. AN SSSR 159 no.6:1389-1390 D 164 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Filial Instituta khimicheskoy fiziki AN SSSR i Institut organicheskoy khimii im. N.D. Zelinskogo AN SSSR.



BURENSTAM, A.G.; HIKOL'SKIY, I.V.; KOROVITSYN, V.P.; KHRUSHCHEV, A.T.;
SHAPOSHNIKOV, A.S.

Geographical study of the construction industry of the U.S.S.R.
Geog. 1 khoz. no.1:7-11 '58. (NIRA 12:1)

(Construction industry)

KHRUSHCHEV, A.T.: NIKOL'SKIY, I.V.; LAVRISHCHEV, A.N., nauchnyy red.;
VORONINA, N.V., red.

[Development and distribution of industry and transportation in the U.S.S.R. in the seven-year plan] Razvitie i razmeshchenie promyshlennosti i transporta SSSR v semiletke. Moskva, Izd-vo VPSh i AON pri TsK KPSS, 1960. 149 p. (MIRA 13:12) (Russia--Industries) (Transportation)

KHRUSHCHEV. A.T.: NIKOL'SKIY, I.V.; LAVRISHCHEV, A.N., nauchnyy red.; VORONINA, N.V., red.

[Development and distribution of U.S.S.R. industry and transportation in the seven-year plan] Razvitie i razmeshchenie promyshlennosti i transporta (SSSR v semiletke. Moskva, Izd-vo VPSh i AON pri Tak KPSS, 1960. 151 p. (MIRA 14:2)

(Russia--Industries) (Transportation)

(Russia--Economic policy)

KHRUSHCHEV, Anatoliy Timofeyevich; KHROMOVA, Ye.A., red.; YERMAKOV, M.S., tekhn.red.

[Geography of Soviet industry; textbook for third-year correspondence school students of geographical faculties of state universities] Geografiia promyshlennosti SSSR; uchebnoe posobie dlia studentov-zaochnikov III kursa geograficheskikh fakul'tetov gosudarstvennykh universitetov. Izd.3., perer. i dop. Moskva. Izd-vo Mosk.univ., 1960. 182 p.

(Industries, Location of)

PLOTKIN, Moisey Ruvimovich; KHRUSHCHEV, A.T., red.; KHAKIMOV, V.Z., red.izd-va; GEORGIYEVA; G.L., telemared.

[Principles of industrial production; lecture course] Osnovy industrial'nogo proizvodstva; kurs lektsii. Moskva, Izd-vo Mosk.univ., 1960. 341 p. (NIRA 13:6) (Industrial organisation)

IVANOV, S.P., KOROVITSYN, V.P., NIKOL'SKIY, I.V., KHRUSHCHKV, A.T.

Comprehensive studies of the economic geography of Eastern Zazakhstan. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser.5: Geog. 15 no.3:42-47 My - Je '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Kafedra ekonomicheskoy geografii SSSR Moskovskogo universiteta.

(Eazakhstan--Economic conditions)

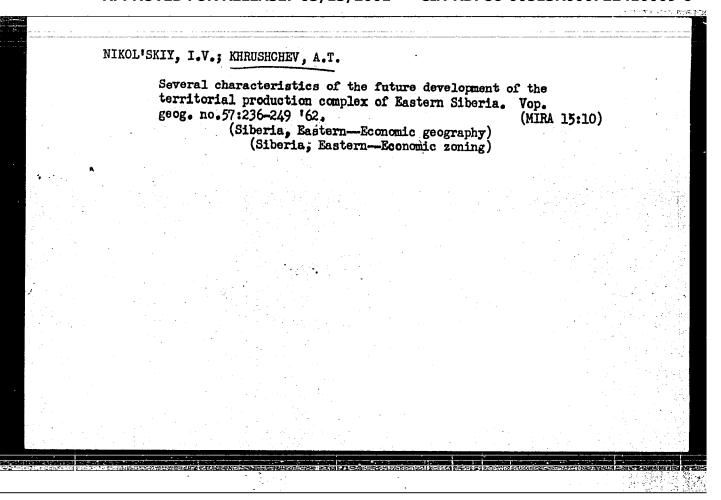
IVANOV, S.P.; KOROVITSYN, V.P.; NIKOL'SKIY, I.V.; KHRUSHCHEV, A.T.

Territorial organization of the construction industry based on the study of the Kazakh S.S.R. Geog. i khoz. no.9:34-37 '61.

(MIRA 14:11)

(Kazakhstan—Construction industry)

(Kazakhstan—Building materials industry)



IVANOV, S.P.; NIKOL'SITY, I.V.; KHRUSHCHEV, A.T.

Main problems of the frythere development of the territorial production complex establishments. Vop. geog. no.57: 288-296 '62.

(Kazakhstan—Industries)

(Kazakhstan—Economic policy)

(Kazakhstan—Economic policy)

BYKOV, V.D., red.; ZVONKOVA, T.V., red.; GLADKOV, N.A., red.;
KOVALEV, S.A., red.; KOSOV, B.F., red.; MARKOV, K.K.,
red.; RYABCHIKOV, A.M., red.; SAUSHKIN, Yu.G., red.;
SIMONOV, Yu.G., red.; KHRUSHCHEV, A.T., red.;
BOKOVETSKIY, O.D., red.; KONOVALVUK, I.K., mladshiy red.;
GOLITSYN, A.V., red.kart; KOSHELEVA, S.M., tekhn. red.

[Soviet geography during the period of the building of communism] Sovetskaia geografiia v period stroitel'stva kommunizma. Moskva, Geografgiz, 1963. 486 p.

(Geography)

(Geography)

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HREYTERMAN, Aleksandr Davydovich; ALAMPIYEV, F.M., prof., retsenzent; KHRUSHCHEV, A.T., dots., retsenzent; SEVERTSEV, V.A., red.

[Economic geography of the U.S.S.R.] Ekonomicheskeia geografiia SSSR. Moskva, Vysshaia shkola. Pt.1. 1965. 369 p. (MIRA 18:8)

KHRUSHCHEV, B. I. Cand PhysiMath Sci -- (diss) "Energy dependence of the angular distributions of a B B¹⁰ (d,p) B¹¹ reaction." Tashkent, 1959. 11 pp (Acad Sci UzSSR. Inst of Nuclear Physics), 175 copies. Bibliography: p 11 (14 titles) (KL, 41-59, 103)

-6-

21(1),21(7) 24.6510

665:3

AUTHORS:

Starodubtsev, S.V., and Khrushchev, B.I.

SOV/166-59-3-7/11

TITLE:

Angular Distributions for Protons of the Reaction B10(d,p)B11

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk Uzbekskoy SSR, Seriya fiziko-

matematicheskikh nauk, 1959, Nr 3, pp 47-51 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The paper contains the results of an experimental investigation of the angular distribution of protons of two groups $p_0(Q=9,24 \text{ MEV})$ and $p_1(Q=7,1 \text{ MEV})$ for the reaction $B^{10}(d,p)B^{11}$ for four values of the energy of falling deuterons: Ed=5; 5,75;

6%5 and 7.25 MEV. The investigation was carried out in a chamber analogous to that described in \angle Ref 8 \angle . The recording of the secondary protons was carried aut with the aid of thick-layer photo emulsions. The results are represented in several figures. The authors try to explain the deviations from the theoretical data [Ref 9]. There are 9 figures, and 19 references, 3 of which are Soviet, 1 English, and 15 American.

ASSOCIATION: Institut yadernoy fiziki AN Uz SSR (Institute of Nuclear Physics AS Uz SSR)

SUBMITTED: February 5, 1959

Card 1/1

06550
AUTHORS: Khrushchev, B. I. Sov/166-59-4-1/10
and Starodubtsev, S. V., Academician AS UzSSR

TITLE: On the Interaction of Deuterons With the Nuclea B 10

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk Uzbekskoy SSR, Seriya fizikomatematicheskikh nauk, 1959, Nr 4, pp 3-8 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors investigate the question whether the reaction $B^{10}(d,p)B^{11} \text{ in essential appears by a formation of a compound nucleus or by a direct nuclear interaction. Therefore with the aid of a multiple-plate camera the cross sections (with an exactness of ± 30%) and the angular distributions were determined. The experiments are described in \[\int \text{Ref 11} \]. The dependence of the distributions on the energy \(E_d \) is not large, in all cases the distributions show a characteristic maximum clearly displaced towards the left hand side (~20°). By the considerations of \(\int \text{Ref 9,10} \) this assertion allows to conclude that the considered reaction in the case of the transition to the second and third state of excitation in essential appears at the surface of the nucleus by a direct interaction under participation$

Card 1/2

33089 8/638/61/001/000/011/056 B102/B138

24.6600

Starodubtsev, S. V., Khrushchev, B. I. AUTHORS:

Energy dependence of angular distributions in B10(d,p)B11 TITLE:

reactions

Tashkentskaya konferentsiya po mirnomy ispol'zovaniyu SOURCE:

atomnoy energii. Tashkent, 1959. Trudy. v. 1. Tashkent,

1961, 89-97

TEXT: In ${\rm Li}^7(\alpha,\gamma){\rm B}^{11}$ reactions, the following was obtained for the first three excited states of the B¹¹ nucleus: $j = 1/2^{\pm}$ (E_x = 2.14 MeV); $j = 5/2^{+}$ (E_x = 4.46 MeV); $j = 1/2^{\pm}$ (E_x = 5.03 MeV). The first level probably has negative parity which is confirmed by results of the B¹¹(p,p, γ)B¹¹ and B¹⁰(d,p, γ)B¹¹ reactions. The following theoretical values are found for the first four levels of the B¹¹ nucleus (1 = 1, 3, 0, 2): j = 3/2 (E_x = 0), j = 1/2 , j = 5/2 , and j = 1/2 . In the range of $E_d \approx 0.5-2$ Mev, the reaction $B^{10}(d,p)B^{11}$ shows two broad Card 1/3

33089 8/638/61/001/000/011/056 B102/B138

Energy dependence of angular ...

resonances at $E_d \approx 1$ Mev and 1.5 Mev. While different experiments by different authors all give ln-1 for the ground level, results diverge for the 1st and 2nd excited levels. The authors made their own experiments of the $B^{10}(d,p)B^{11}$ reaction at $E_{d}=6-7$ Mev on the cyclotron of LFTI. The proton angular distribution and the integral cross sections of the four long-range groups (Ed=5, 5.75, 6.5, and 7.25) were investigated by photographic plates arranged round the fission chamber every 100 between 10 and 170°. Ed was measured with an accuracy of $\pm 3\%$, the deuteron energy spread did not exceed 1.5%. A comparison of angular distributions with those expected from Butler's theory gives l =1 for all four proton groups (ground state and first three excited states of the B11 nucleus). This results do not agree for the first three excited states either with other experimental results or with the theoretical results of the shell model. For the 1st and 3rd excited states, this value also contradicts the law of conservation of angular momentum. Therefore, the experimental results must not be interpreted by the model of the "normal" stripping reaction mechanism. The question then arises of the mechanism by which this reaction mainly proceeds. Most likely it is a process via compound nucleus Card 2/3

STARODUBTSEV, S.V.; KHRUSHCHEV, B.I.

Elastic scattering of -particles on silver and deuterons on gold. Izv. AN Uz. SSR. Ser. fiz.-mat. nauk 6 no.5:85-86 '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Institut yadernoy fiziki AN MzSSR.

(Alpha rays—Scattering)

(Deuterons—Scattering)

\$/0166/64/000/002/0059/0063

ACCESSION NR: AP4038422

AUTHOR: Khrushchev, B. I.; Trombachev, Yu. T.; Petrunin, V. F.

TITLE: Semiconductor surface barrier counters

SOURCE: AN UzSSR. Izv. Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no. 2, 1964, 59-63

TOPIC TAGS: transistorized counter, surface barrier counter, silicon plate, nickel plating, thermal neutron, magnetic field, gamma radiation background

ABSTRACT: The authors developed a method for production of semiconductor counters. In order to preserve the life span of the minority charge carriers and their mobility, the counters were prepared of n-type silicon with a specific resistance of 300 ohm/cm, 0.4-1 mm thick of a square or rectangular shape and an area from lmm² to 1 cm². The completed counters were tested on an α-source with a 5.6 MeV energy of α-particles. The tests were conducted in magnetic fields with magnitudes up to 12,000 erg. The authors concluded that silicon surface-barrier counters containing boron-10 may be used for counting thermal neutrons even in the presence of strong magnetic fields. The counters must, however, be protected against effects of light sources, because of their extreme sensitivity toward a γ-background. Orig. art.

Card_ 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4042263

S/0089/64/017/001/0059/0060

AUTHORS: Starodubtsev, S. V., Khrushchev, B. I.

TITLE: Elastic scattering of alpha particles by boron

SOURCE: Atomnaya energiya, v. 17, no. 1, 1964, 59-60

TOPIC TAGS: alpha particle, boron, elastic scattering, charge exchange, alpha cross section, differential cross section, angular distribution

ABSTRACT: Results are presented of measurements of the cross sections for the scattering of alpha particles by natural and enriched (86% B¹⁰) boron. The alpha particles in the primary beam had energies 13.6 and 14.7 MeV. The primary-beam energy for natural boron was 13.55 and 14.66 MeV, respectively. The angular distributions were measured in a multiple-plate scattering chamber. The particle beam from the cyclotron was focused on the target by two quadrupole

ACCESSION NR: AP4042263

magnetic lenses. The charge transferred by the primary alpha particle beam was gathered with a Faraday cup and measured with an electronic integrator accurate to 2%. The energy of the primary beam was determined from the ranges in emulsion, accurate to 2.5%. The accuracy of the differential-cross section measurements was 15%. The angular distributions of the alpha particles elastically scattered by B¹⁰ are found to agree with the results predicted by the optical model. From a comparison of the results of angular distributions for boron with those obtained for other nuclei (R. Eisberg, C. Porter, Rev. Mod. Phys. v. 33, 190, 1961) it can be concluded that the angular distributions obtained here are similar in form to those obtained for other nuclei. Orig. art. has: 3 figures.

ASSOCIATION: None

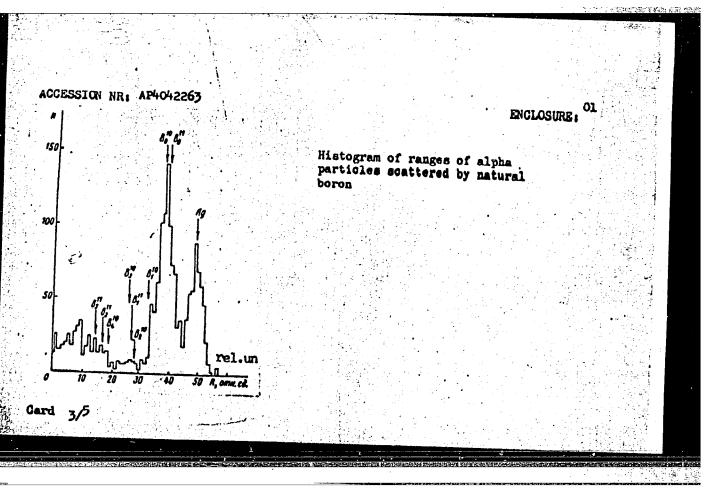
SUBMITTED: 09Aug63

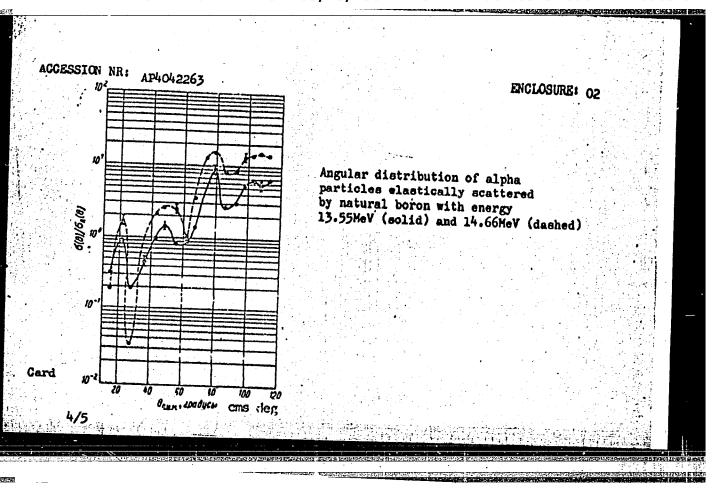
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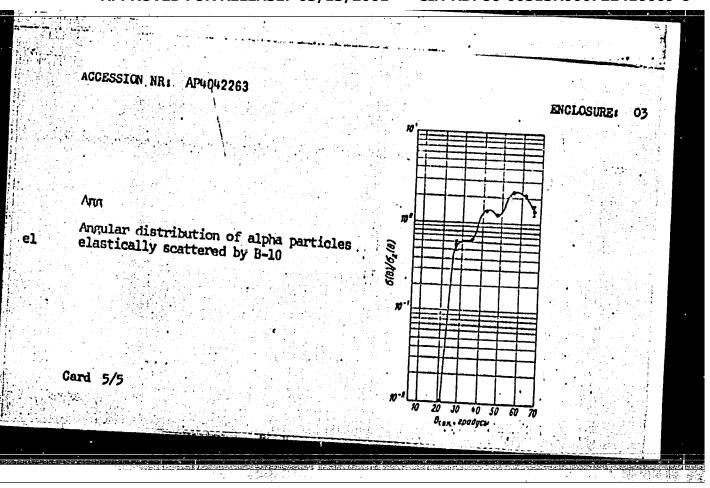
ENCL:

OTHER: 004

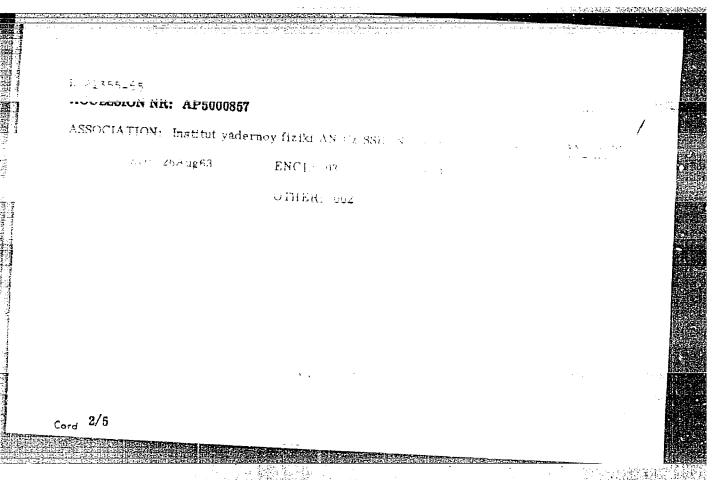




"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722410009-6



ABSTRACT: A method suitable for investigating the spectra of thermal neutrons with wavelengths from 1 0 to 5 3A is described. In this method, reflection from the (111) plane or monocrystalline lead is utilized to analyze the neutron ceam. The angle of cut relative to the width of the impingent beam. The angle of the reflected experimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. The angle of cut relative to the angle principal device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. The angle of the reflected experimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure beam. The scattering by the crystal is general device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. The angle of cut relative to the experimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. The scattering of the experimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure beam. It is shown in the basic beam is scattered by the device. Fig. 3 of the Enclosure shows the spectrum obtained by the device. The distribution is approximately maxwellian. Orig. art. has 5 figures and 4 equations.		
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thermal column COURCE: AN UZSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no 5, 1964, 37-40 ABSTRACT: A method suitable for investigating the spectra of thermal neutrons with equaleogths from 1 0 to 5, 3A is described. In this method, reflection from the (111) plane of monocrystalline lead is utilized to analyze the neutron team. The scattering by the crystal is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. The angle of cut relative to the relative to the repertmental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the enclosure. The angle of cut relative to the graphite plugs are each 50 cm in length. A fraction of the order of the other basic boam is scattered by the device. Fig. 3 of the Enclosure shows the spectrum obtained by the device. The distribution is approximately maxwellian. Originary has 5 figures and 4 equations.	- TYSKIEN NR - AP5000857	S 0166 61 300 305/0037/0040
ABSTRACT: A method suitable for investigating the spectra of thermal neutrons with equalengths from 1 0 to 5.3A is described. In this method, reflection from the (111) plane of monocrystatione lead is utilized to snalyze the neutron team. The scattering by the crystal is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. The angle of cut relative to the crystal is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the impingent beam is that of the reflected experimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the order of the control of the control of the control of the control of the reflected experimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the impingent beam is that of the reflected experimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the control of the order of the basic beam is scattered by the device. Fig. 3 of the Enclosure shows the spectrum obtained by the device. The distribution is approximately maxwellian. Originant has 5 figures and 4 equations.	Starodubtsev, S.V.; Khrushchev	B.I C Belyakov A. A. CKom arm. V. E.
ABSTRACT: A method suitable for investigating the spectra of thermal neutrons with equalengths from 1 0 to 5.3A is described. In this method, reflection from the (111) plane of monocrystalline lead is utilized to analyze the neutron team. The scattering by the prystal is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. The angle of our relative to the experimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure with the perimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure of the perimental device is shown schematically in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure shows the spectrum obtained by the graphite plugs are each 50 cm in length. A fraction of the order of the basic beam is scattered by the device. Fig. 3 of the Enclosure shows the spectrum obtained by the device. The distribution is approximately maxwellian. Originary has 5 figures and 4 equations.	HILL: measurement of neutron spectra by	d monocrystanine spectromown in the
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Dipole-dipole interaction in slow neutron scattering by protons. 1zv. AN Uz. SSR. Ser. fizmat. nauk 9 no.4x73-78 165. 1. Institut yederney firsted to the first firs		
1. Institut yaderney fiziki AN UzSSR.	(MIRA 18:9)	

KHRUSHCHEV, G.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

Metheds fer an experimental study of the distribution of friction forces on drawing machines. Tekst.prem. 16 no.4:32-33 Ap 156.

(Spinning machinery)

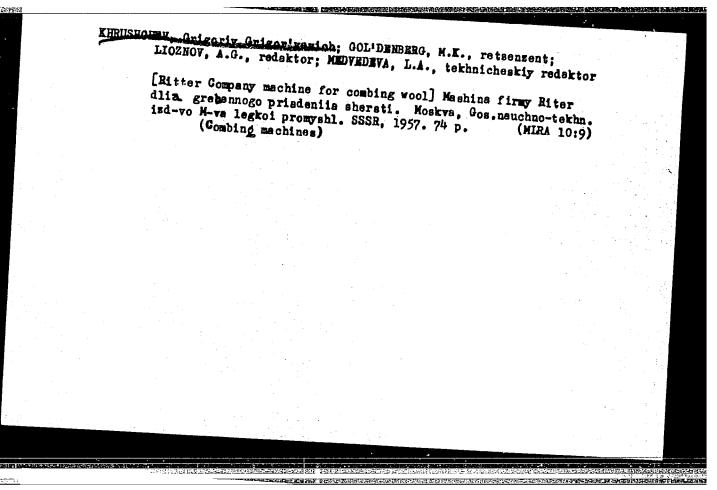
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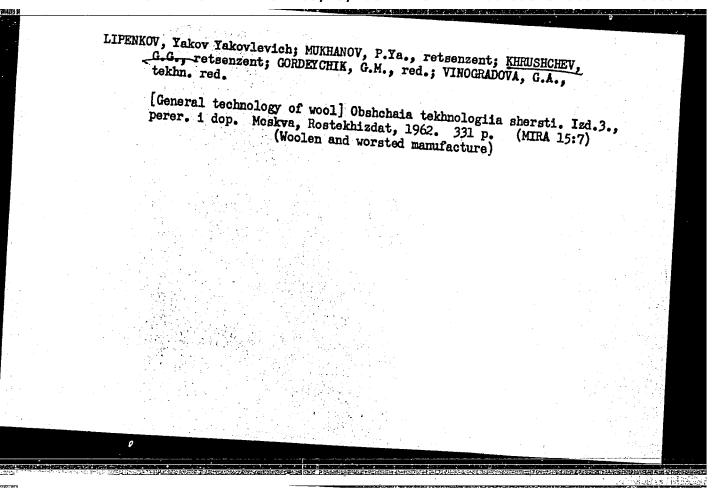
RHRUSHCHEV, G.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

New machines for the fine comber system of wool spinning.

Tekst. prom. 16 no.8:16-20 Ag '56. (MLRA 9:10)

(Combing machines) (Woolen and worsted spinning)





KHRUSHCHEV, G.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; AFANAS'YEV, V.K., inzh.; YADROVA, G.I.,

Combined wool spinner-twister. Tekst.prom. 22 no.2:30-32 if 162.

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut
sherstyanoy promyshlennosti (TsNIKShersti).

(Spinning machinery)

OZEROV, Boris Viktorovich; MOROZOV, S.A., retsenzent; KHRUSHCHEV, G.G., retsenzent; VARSHAVSKAYA, L.S., red.; BATTREVA, G.G., tekhn.

[Top and roving processing machines for worsted spinning of fine wool] Lentcohnye i rovnichnye mashiny grebennogo priadeniia tonkoi shersti. Moskva, Rostekhisdat, 1962. 192 p.

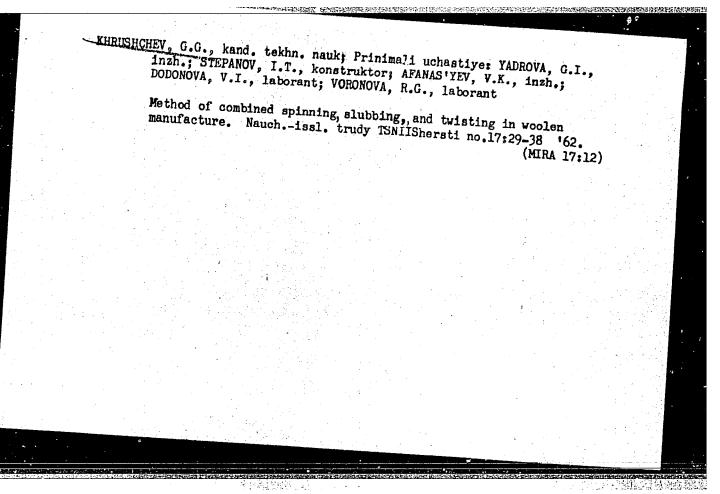
(Woolen and worsted spinning)

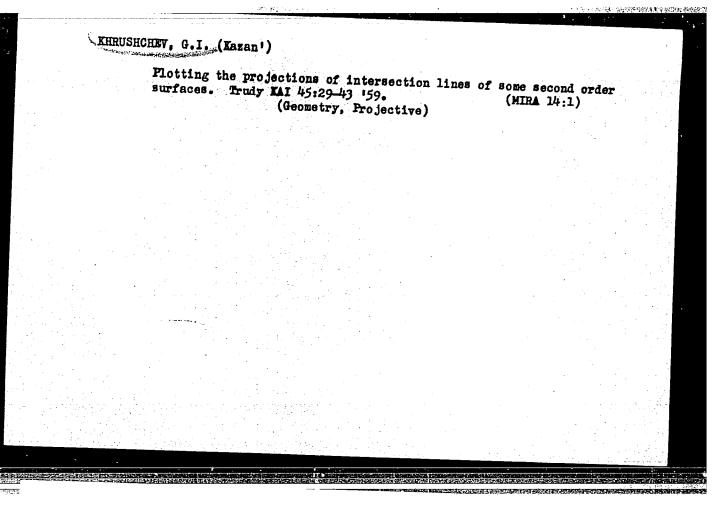
(MIRA 16:5)

GAKEL', Rodion Aleksandrovich; KHRUSHCHEV, G.G., retsenzent; ORLOVA, L.A., red.; GOLUBKOV, V.A., tekhn. red.

[Wool spinningmachinery with continuous action; condenser spinning]Sherstopriadil'nye mashiny nepreryvnogo deistviia; apparatnoe priadenie. 1zd.2., perer. i dop. Moskva, Rostekhizdat, 1962.

(Spinning machinery) (Woolen and worsted spinning)





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDF

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000722410009-6

KHRUSHCHEV, G. N.

231747

USSR/Engineering - Heat, Steam Turbines

Jun 52

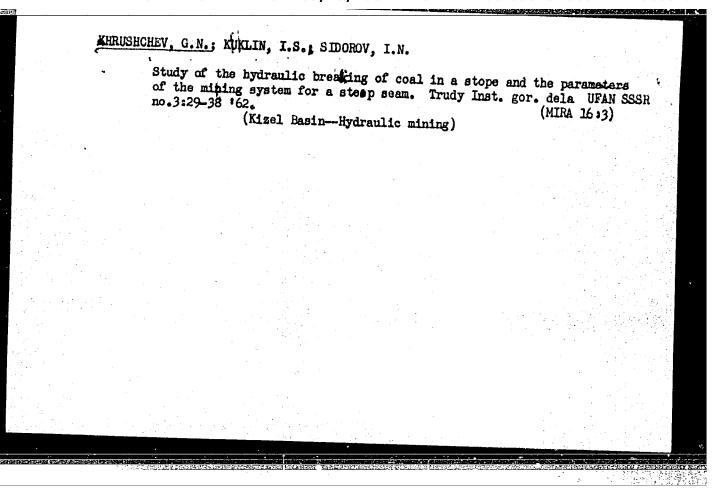
"Reconstruction of the Flow Section of a Steam Turbine," D. A. Yermakov, V. P. Khripunov, A. F. Dolgov, Engineers, GRES Mosenergo, I. D. Lyakhovitskiy, Cand Tech Sci, G. N. Khrushchev, Engr, Lab of Steam Turbines, VTI

"Iz v-s Teplotekh Inst" No 6, pp 24-27

Describes changes in design of turbine to increase its efficiency and reduce consumption of theoretical fuel to 480 g/kwh. Two-cylinder condensing Siemens-Shuckert 50,000-kw turbine was built in 1930-31. Regulation stage with 140 nozzles and 19 reaction stages were redesigned. Tests showed dedrease in heat rate by 4.3%. Turbine capacity was increased to 52,000 kw at same max steam rate.

231147

Study of the efficiency of the hydraulic breaking of hard coals under laboratory conditions. Trudy Inst. gor. dela. UFAN SSSR no.3:9-18 (Hydraulic mining) (Coal—Testing) (Hydraulic mining)



公司工具 医神经炎

EDOROVA, G.G.; KUKLIN, 48.; KHRUSHCHEV, G.N.

Effect of some physicochemical factors on the breaking of coal in a laboratory experiment. Trudy Inst. gor. dela UFAN SSSR no.3:45-47 (MIRA 16:3)

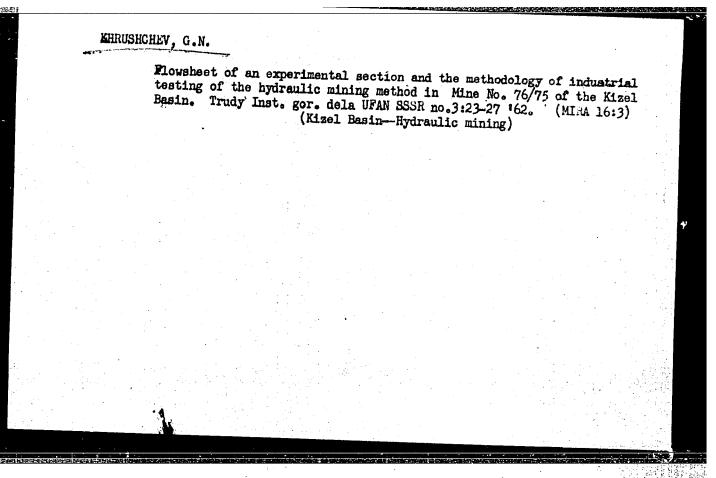
(Coal-Testing)

SIDOROV, I.N.; KUKLIN, I.S.; KHRUSHCHEV, G.N.; SHTUKATUROV, K.M.; ROZOV, B.V.; BUDKOV, V.Ye.; VANYUSHIN, N.M.; GICHKO, V.A.; SUMIN, A.A.

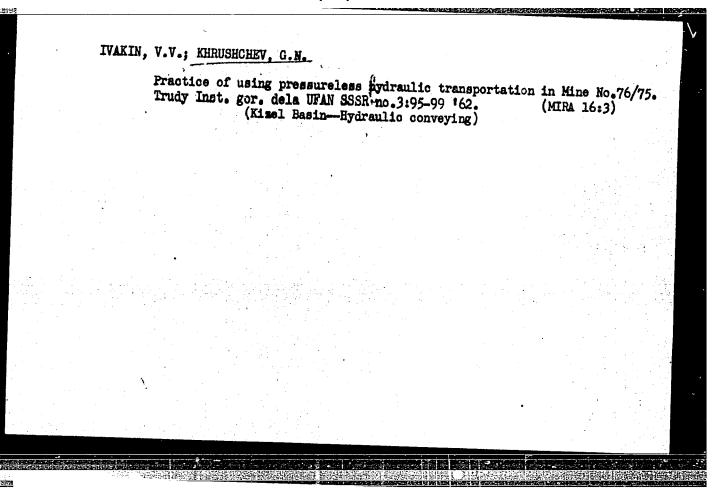
Hydraulic breaking of hards in the Kizel Basin coal mines. Ugol'
37 no.3:16-18 Mr '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Gornogeologicheskiy institut Ural'skogo filiala AN SSSR (for Sidorov, Kuklin, Khurshchev, Shtukaturov). 2. Kombinat Kizelugol'
(for Rozov, Budkev, Vanyushin, Oichko, Sumin).

(Kizel Basin-Hydraulic mining)



9. ₀	Study of the hydraulic breaking of coal on the working ment working. Trudy Inst. gor. dela UFAN SSSR no.3:39	g face of a develop-		
	(Kizel Basin-Hydraulic mining)	(MIRA 16:3)		
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My friends, the virgin-land farmers. Sov.profsoiuzy 17 no.10:
13-15 My '61. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Chlen rabochkoma sovkhoza "Izhevskiy."
(Virgin Territory—Socialist competition)
(State farms)

WHRUSHCHEV, L.T.

FRASE I BOCK EMPLOTRATICE SCW/5721

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(Trunsactions of the 1/th Astrometrical Conforence of the USEA, Held in Kiyev 27-30 kmy 1958) Nosecow, Ind-vo Ail SSSR, 1960. 440 p. Errate slip insorted.

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FURROSE: The book is intended for astromeners and astrophysicists, particularly those interested in astrometrical research.

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	į i	supervised the preparation of this publication, expresses thanks to the members of the secretariat: V. M. Vasil'yev, I. G. Kol'chinskiy, A. B.			
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GARRUNOV, D.N.; SLCEODYANNIKOV, S.S.; KHRUSHCHEV, M.M.

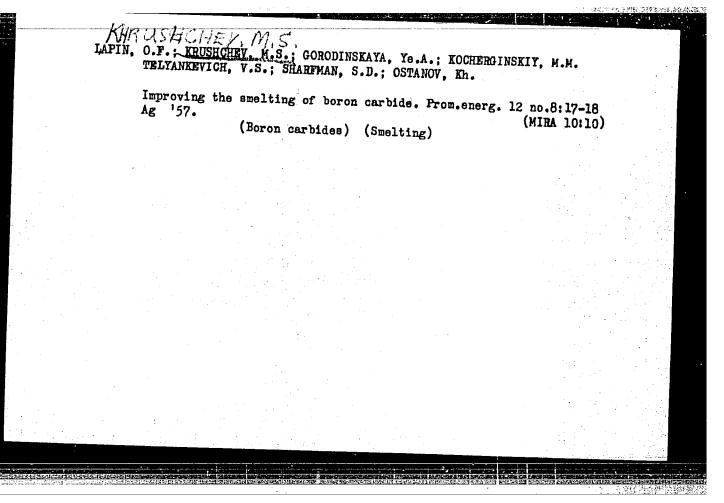
In memory of Leonid Vladimirovich Elin and the bibliography of his works. Tren.i izn. mash. no.14:290-293 '60.

(MIRA 13:8)

(Elin, Leonid Vladimirovich, 1910-1957)

GLAZOV, Vasiliy M.khaylovich; VIGDOROVICH, Vilenin Naumovich; KHRUSHCHEV, M.M., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; NOVIKOV, I.I., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; ARKHANGEL'SKAYA, M.S., red. izd-va; MIKHAYLOVA, V.V., tekhn. red.

[Microhardness of metals] Mikrotverdost' metallov. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi i tsvetnoi metallurgii, 1962. 224 p. (MIRA 15:2) (Metals-Testing) (Hardness)



AUTHORS:

Krylov, V.N.; Khrushchev, M.S.

TITLE:

The Kinetics of 75-% Ferrosilicon Formation from Quartzites of

Different Deposits

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Chernaya metallurgiya,

1960, No. 10, pp. 84 - 95

TEXT: The purpose of this investigation was to determine the role of the quartzites microstructure in the process of the formation of 75-per cent ferrosilicon. Quartzites from three deposits were studied - from the Karaul naua mount, Bakal skoye, and Zolotaya Sopka, designated with KN, KE and KK (KP, KB and KK). The samples were studied by the Chelyabinskiy ferrosplavnyy zavod (Chelyabinsk Ferroalloy Plant); the composition and structure is different. An installation of Institut khimii silikatov AN SSSR (Institute of Silicates Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences USSR) with micro-scales was used for thermographic analysis. The ferrosilicon melting process was studied in 1700 - 1900°C in a tubular electric furnace with stepped temperature control; the quartzites had a grain size of between 0.075 and 0.60 - 0.80 mm; the duration of the experiments was 5 - 40 min; the

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The Kinetics of 75-% Ferrosilicon Formation from Quartzites of Different Deposits

samples were melted in 6 graphite crucibles placed into a graphite tray. The charge was composed by the equation $SiO_2 + 2C = Si + 2CO$. The curves (Fig. 3) obtained proved that the speed of ferrosilicon formation cannot be described by one general equation. Analytically, the curves 1,2 and 3 (Fig. 3) were described with sufficient accuracy for ferrosilicon formation at up to 1700°C by the formula [Si] = m \sqrt{t} (1) where [Si] is the Si content in melt (in %); m - the coefficient depending on the nature of the quartzites, the diameter of the particles, and the temperature; t - the isothermic holding time in furnace, in min. This equation has no maximum, and the process has practically to be endless to obtain 75% Si. The process does not end at 1700°, and it was not possible to obtain more than 20 - 25° Si. At 1800° and higher the process is different (Fig. 4) and can be expressed by the equation $[Si] = at^2 + bt + \frac{c}{t} + d$ (2) where a,b,c and d are coefficients depending on the quartzites structure, particles' diameter, and temperature. This equation has a maximum showing that the process ends. The real Si content in the melt was 10-14% below that calculated, which may be explained by volatilizing of Si, SiO2 or SiO, as was revealed by Mikulinskiy and Maron (Ref. 8). It was concluded that the rate of ferrosilicon formation depends to a considerable degree on the particles' diameter and the structure of the quartzites, particular-Card 2/5

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The Kinetics of 75-% Ferrosilicon Formation from Quartzites of Different Deposits

ly at the beginning of the process before liquefying. The maximum Si content in the melt was obtained at 1800°C, and with PK quartzite particles' diameter of 0.12 mm; the maximum ferrosilicon formation rate from the same quartzite at the same temperature was observed at 0.25 mm particles' diameter. The 1850 - 1900°C range may be considered the optimum. The laboratory data were confirmed in the practical process at the Chelyabinsk Ferroalloy Plant with KK quartzites (the ferrosilicon formation process was faster than the KK grade in the Laboratory), but the KK top. The best furnace design is expected to be with a rotating bath and tight-sealed top. It was concluded that in principle the formation reaction of 75-per cent ferrosilicon is

Si0₂, Fe, C
Si0₂, Fe, C
Si0₂
$$\Rightarrow$$
 Si_{Fe}

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Si0₂ \Rightarrow Si \Rightarrow S

Card 3/5

The Kinetics of 75-% Ferrosilicon Formation from Quartzites of Different Deposits

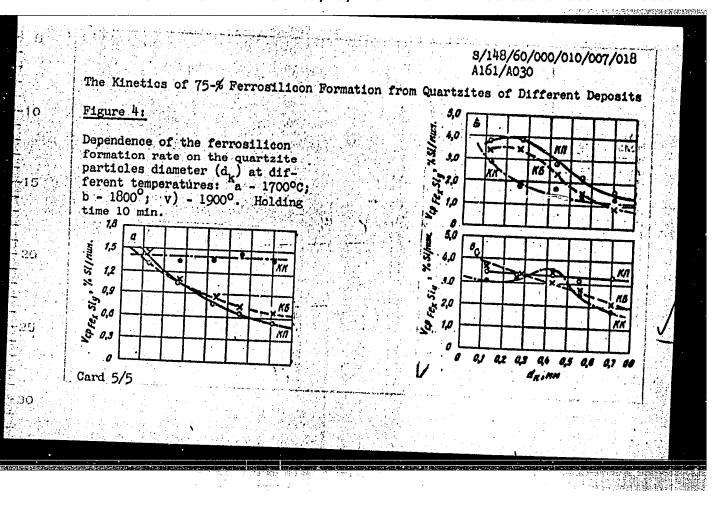
and the interaction of silicon carbide with SiO₂ and iron limits the formation. There are 7 figures and 13 references: 11 Soviet, 1 French and 1 English.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut im. Lensoveta (Leningrad Technological Institute imeni Lensovet)

SUBMITTED:

January 16, 1960

Card 4/5



Effect of the nature and dispersity of silicon-containing ores on the kinetics of the formation of 75 % ferrosilicon. Zhur. prikl.khim. 33 no.4:815 4p '60. (MIRA 13:9)

(Iron-silicon alloys)

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Kinetics of silica reduction with graphite. Izv. AN SSSR. Met. i gor. delo no.6:58-63 N-D '64. (MIRA 18:3)

(MIRA 17:10)

RYABCHIKOV, I.V.; KIRUSICEV, M.S.; MAKSIMOV, Va.S.; SHOWEROVITSKIY, Ya.S.

Thermodynamics of the reactions of silicon carbide with silicon and calcium oxides. Zhur. prikl. khim. 37 no.9:2050-2052 S '64.

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Conditions for the formation of silicon during the reduction of silica by carbon. Dokl. AN SSSR 158 no.2:427-428 S 164.

1. Chelyabinskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metallurgii. Predstavleno akademikom S.I.Vol'fkovichem.

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